

## Introduction

Written by Administrator

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**Cambodia** ([k](#) [æ](#) [m](#) [b](#) [o](#) [d](#) [i](#) [ə](#); derived from Sanskrit: कम्बोजदेश *Kambujadesa*), officially known as the

**Kingdom of Cambodia**

(Khmer:

ព្រះរាជាណាចក្រកម្ពុជា

*Preăh Réachéa Nachâk Kâmpŭchéa*

), is a country in Southeast Asia that borders Thailand to the west and northwest, Laos to the northeast, Vietnam to the east, and the Gulf of Thailand to the southwest. The geography of Cambodia is dominated by the Mekong River (

*Tonlé Mékong*

) and Tonlé Sap lake.

The kingdom is a constitutional monarchy with King Norodom Sihamoni as head of state, and **P**  
**Prime Minister** **Hun Sen**

as head of government. Phnom Penh is the kingdom's capital and largest city, and is the center of political, commercial, industrial and cultural activities. Siem Reap is the main destination for tourism and gateway to the Angkor region. Battambang, the largest province in northwestern Cambodia is known for its rice production, and Sihanoukville, a coastal city, is the primary sea

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port and beach resort.

Cambodia has an area of 181,035 square kilometers (69,898 sq mi) and a population of 14.8 million people. Theravada Buddhism is the official religion of Cambodia, which is practiced by around 96% of the Cambodian population. The country's minority people number around 1.9 million Vietnamese, 700,000 Chinese, 547,000 various hill tribes, and 317,000 Chams.

Agriculture has long been the most important sector to the Cambodian economy, with around 57.6% of the population relying on agriculture for their livelihood (with rice being the principal crop). The country in the last decade has seen rapid economical and industrial growth. Other important sectors include garments, construction, textiles, and tourism. In 2005, oil and natural gas deposits were found beneath Cambodia's territorial waters, and once commercial extraction begins in 2011, the oil revenues could profoundly affect Cambodia's economy.